



CYBERHAWK
Aerial Inspection and Surveying Specialists

Applied Aerial Inspection – Bridging the Gap between UAV Technology and Asset Management

Contents

- Inspection without production downtime
- How is it cost-saving?
- Challenges
- Takeaways
- What's in the future



Inspection without Production Downtime



- a. Live Flare, on station FPSO
- b. Shutdown planning
- c. Life extension
- d. Liquidate backlog hours
- e. Incidents – short notice PDO sweep, structural damage, recon.

So how is it cost-saving?



- a. Live Flare, on station FPSO (minimal or no production interruption, quick tanker turnaround)
- b. Shutdown planning (lead time for replacement considered, no unplanned delay)
- c. Life extension (targeted repair)
- d. Liquidate backlog hours (Multiple NUI's, complexes, underdeck structural members)
- e. Decommissioning

Live Flare Inspection

- Inspection while the flare is live and online
- Millions of \$ savings by avoiding production deferment
- Better planning of TAR activities
- Improve safety - avoiding RATs, Scaffolding, helicopters
- Faster – visual and thermal of full flare (1-2 days)
- In excess of 500 flares inspected over 5 continents



Flare Inspection Savings

Oil and Gas Supermajor, Nigeria

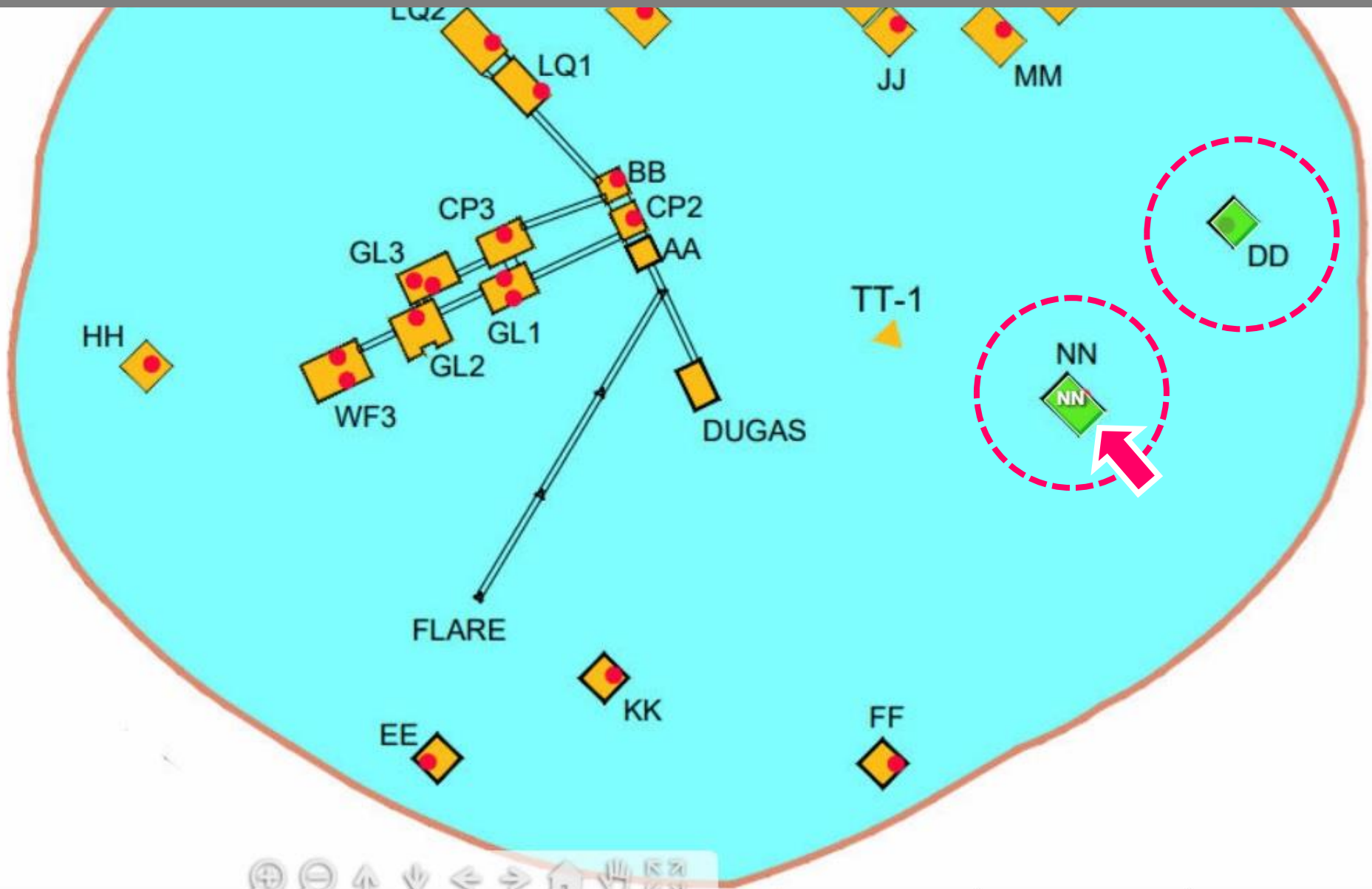
- 5 flares inspected in <1 week, while fully operational, avoiding a shutdown
- Alternative methods of inspection such as rope access or scaffolding would have required a complete shutdown of the facility
- Saved the client >\$US11 million



iHawk Visual Asset Management

Area Definitions	
Area 1 - Above the Clamp	This area predominantly covers the area from the railhead down to the railhead above the +100 elevation clamp. The configuration of assets in this area varies greatly. The inspector should take into account when viewing the area. The inspector should include Flange and Bolt conditions as part of the inspection. If any additional information needs to be recorded, the inspector can use the comments section to support the reason of categorisation of that section of rail.
Area 2 - At the Clamp (Down)	This area of inspection covers the area from the railhead down to the +100 elevation clamp. When viewing this area, the inspector must also note the rail condition, as well as the stability of the interface between the two halves of the rail clamp.
Area 3 - At the Clamp (Up)	This area of inspection covers the area from the railhead up to the +100 elevation clamp. When viewing this area, the inspector must also note the rail condition, as well as the stability of the interface between the two halves of the rail clamp.
Area 4 - Below the Clamp	This area covers the area from the +100 elevation clamp down to the waterline (including here in). The configuration and coating of the assets at this point varies greatly. If any additional information needs to be recorded, the inspector can use the comments section to support the reason of categorisation of that section of rail.

Category Definitions	
Category 1 - Severe Corrosion	Defined as estimate of RI >122 of original RI. Colour code-red
Category 2 - Advanced Corrosion	Defined as estimate of RI >122-130 of original RI. Colour code-red.
Category 3	Defined as part breakdown and initial corrosion evident. Colour code-yellow
Category 4	Defined as newly painted and/or no paint breakdown.



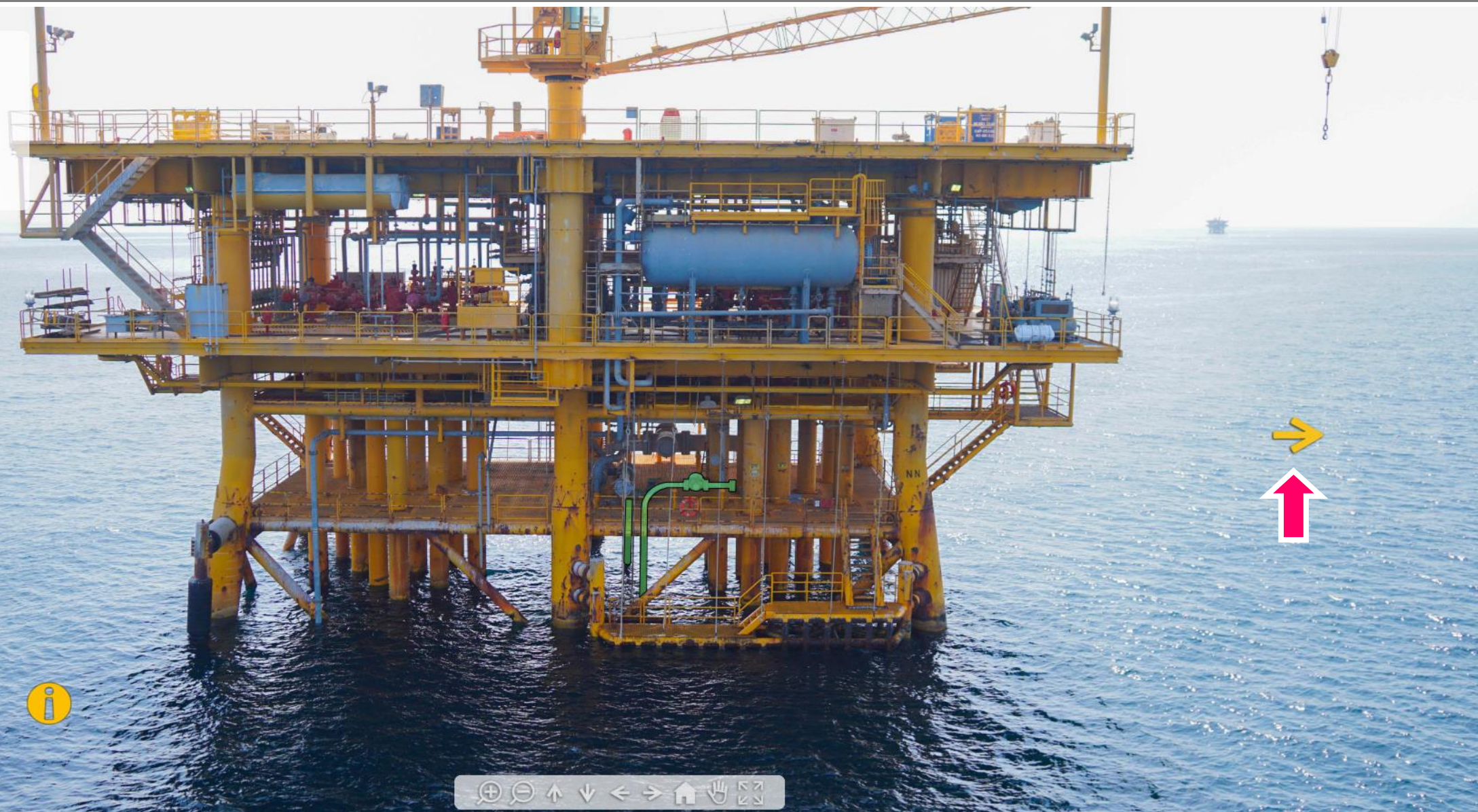
iHawk Visual Asset Management

NN Standoff East

- NN Standoff East
- NN Standoff North East
- NN Standoff North West
- NN Standoff North
- NN Standoff South East
- NN Standoff South West
- NN Standoff South
- NN Standoff West

Information panel containing a data table, a map, and descriptive text.

Asset Name	Asset Type	Asset Status
NN Standoff East	Platform	Operational
NN Standoff North East	Platform	Operational
NN Standoff North West	Platform	Operational
NN Standoff North	Platform	Operational
NN Standoff South East	Platform	Operational
NN Standoff South West	Platform	Operational
NN Standoff South	Platform	Operational
NN Standoff West	Platform	Operational



Open

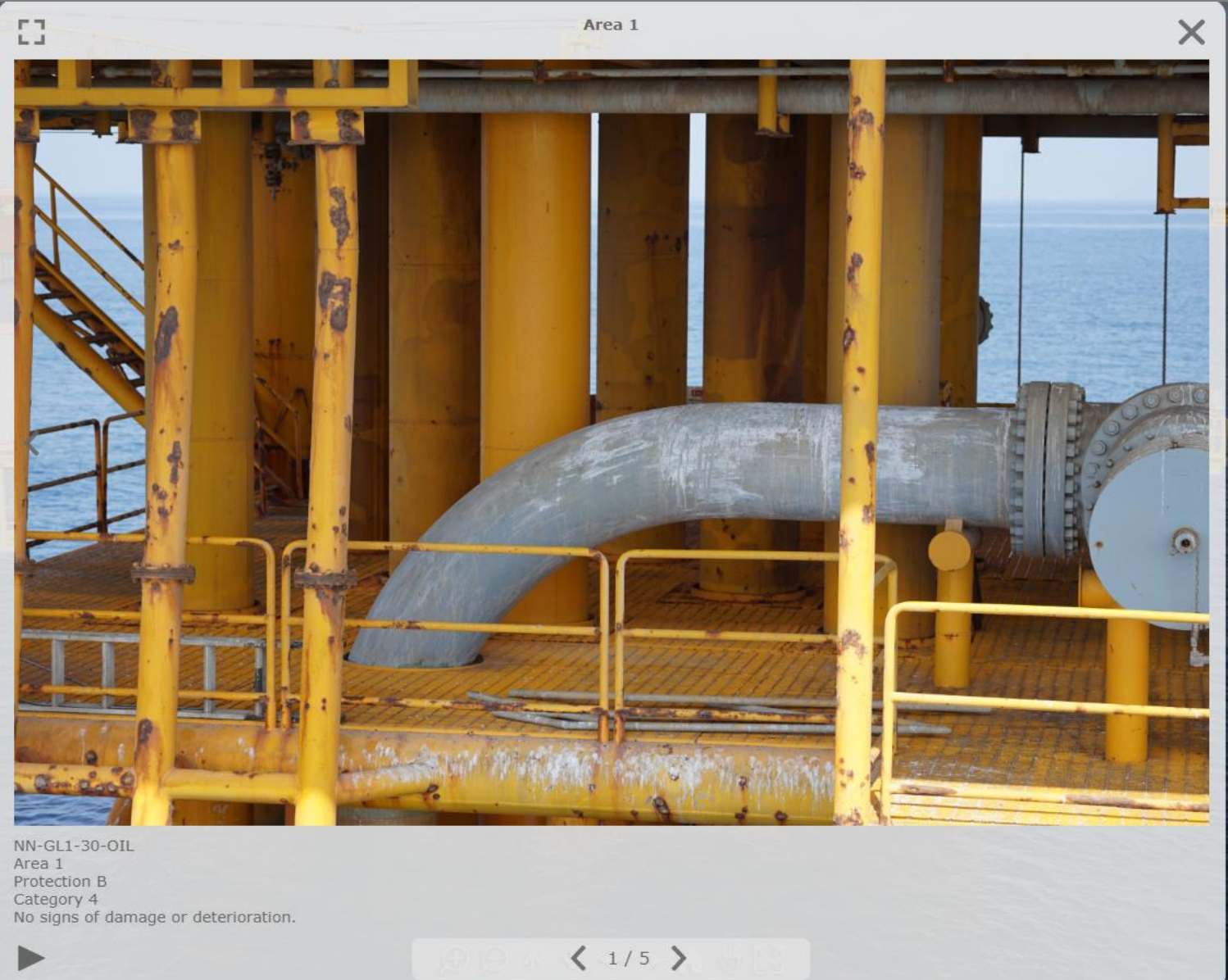


iHawk Visual Asset Management

NN Standoff West

- NN Standoff East
- NN Standoff North East
- NN Standoff North West
- NN Standoff North
- NN Standoff South East
- NN Standoff South West
- NN Standoff South
- NN Standoff West

Asset details sidebar containing a table, text, and a map.



Open



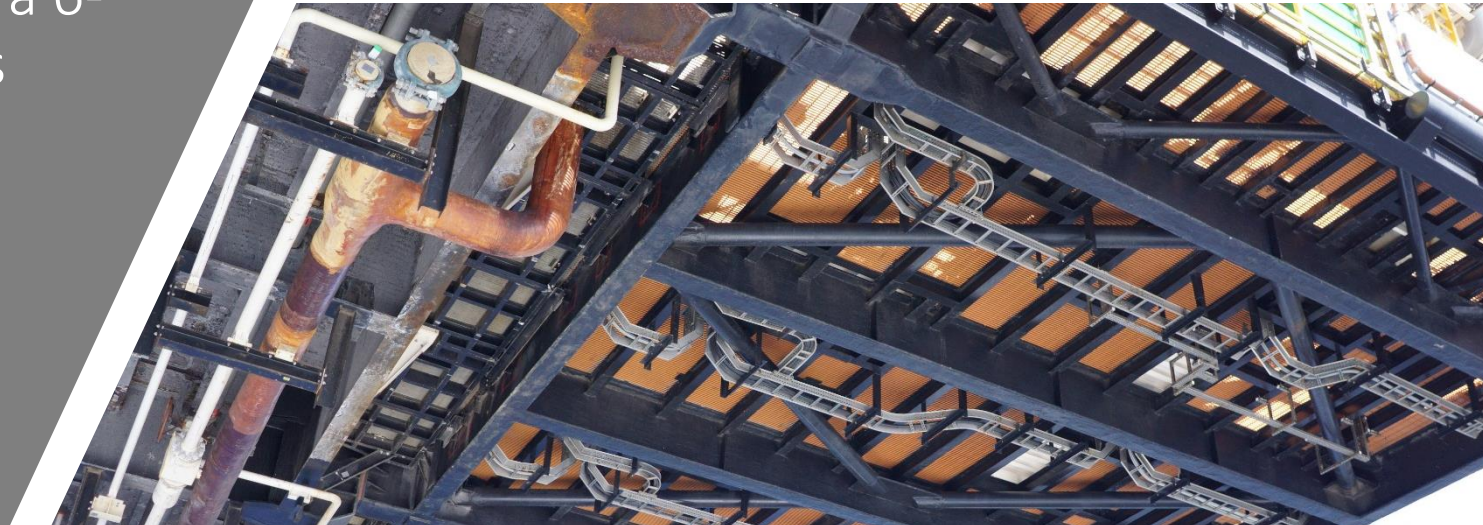
Underdeck & Splash Zone Inspections

Underdeck Inspection Saving



Oil and Gas Supermajor, UK North Sea

- Cyberhawk underdeck inspection in 3 days
- Previous method of inspection was a 6-man rope access team over 14 weeks
- Saved the client >£1 million



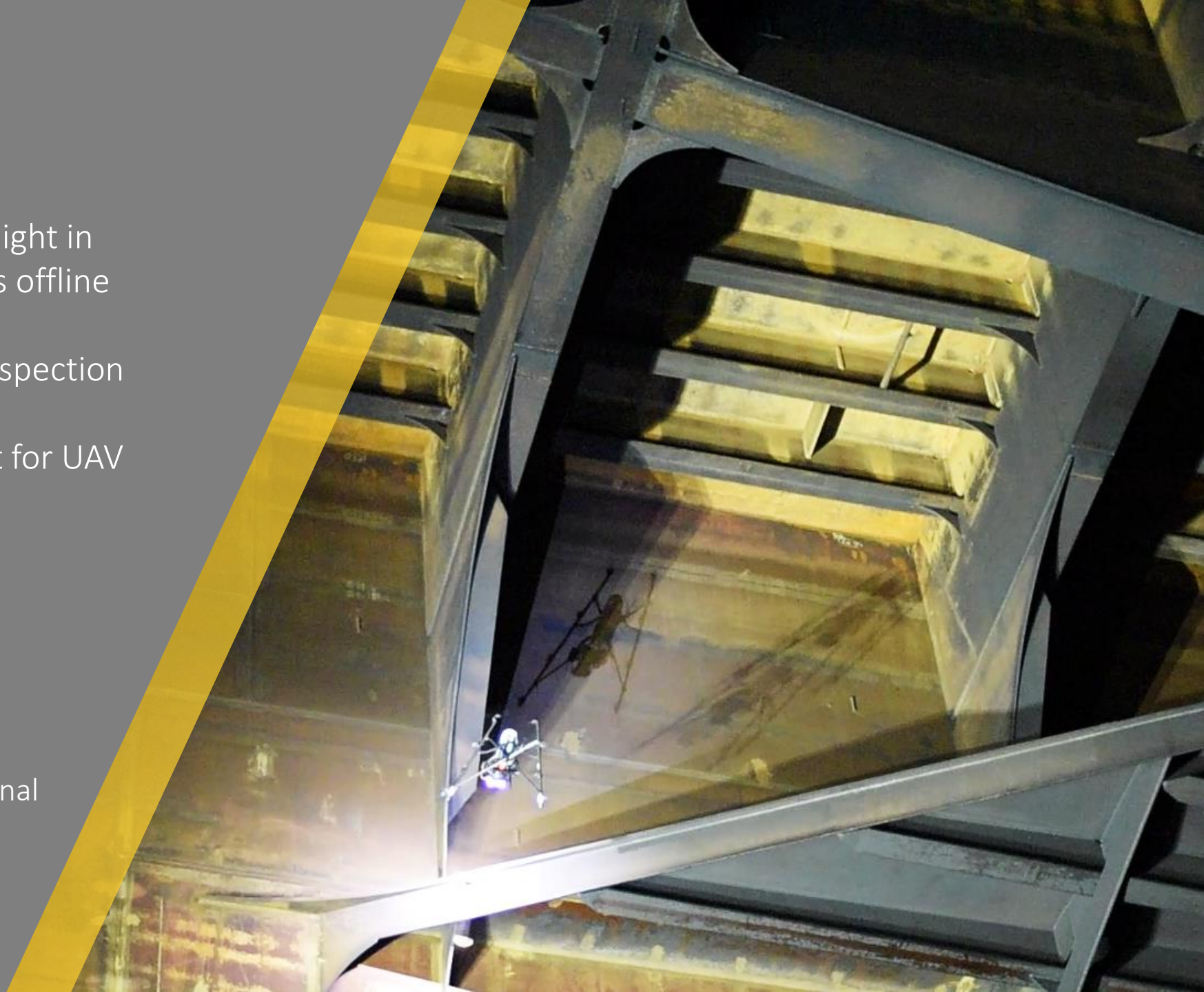


Internal COT Inspection



COT Inspection

- 75% reduction in working at height in confined space and time tank is offline
- 1-2 days general/close visual inspection
- ABS certified external specialist for UAV inspections
- Avoids RATs or Scaffolding
 - Safer
 - Quicker
 - Cheaper
- Higher quality results than traditional methods



COT Inspection Saving

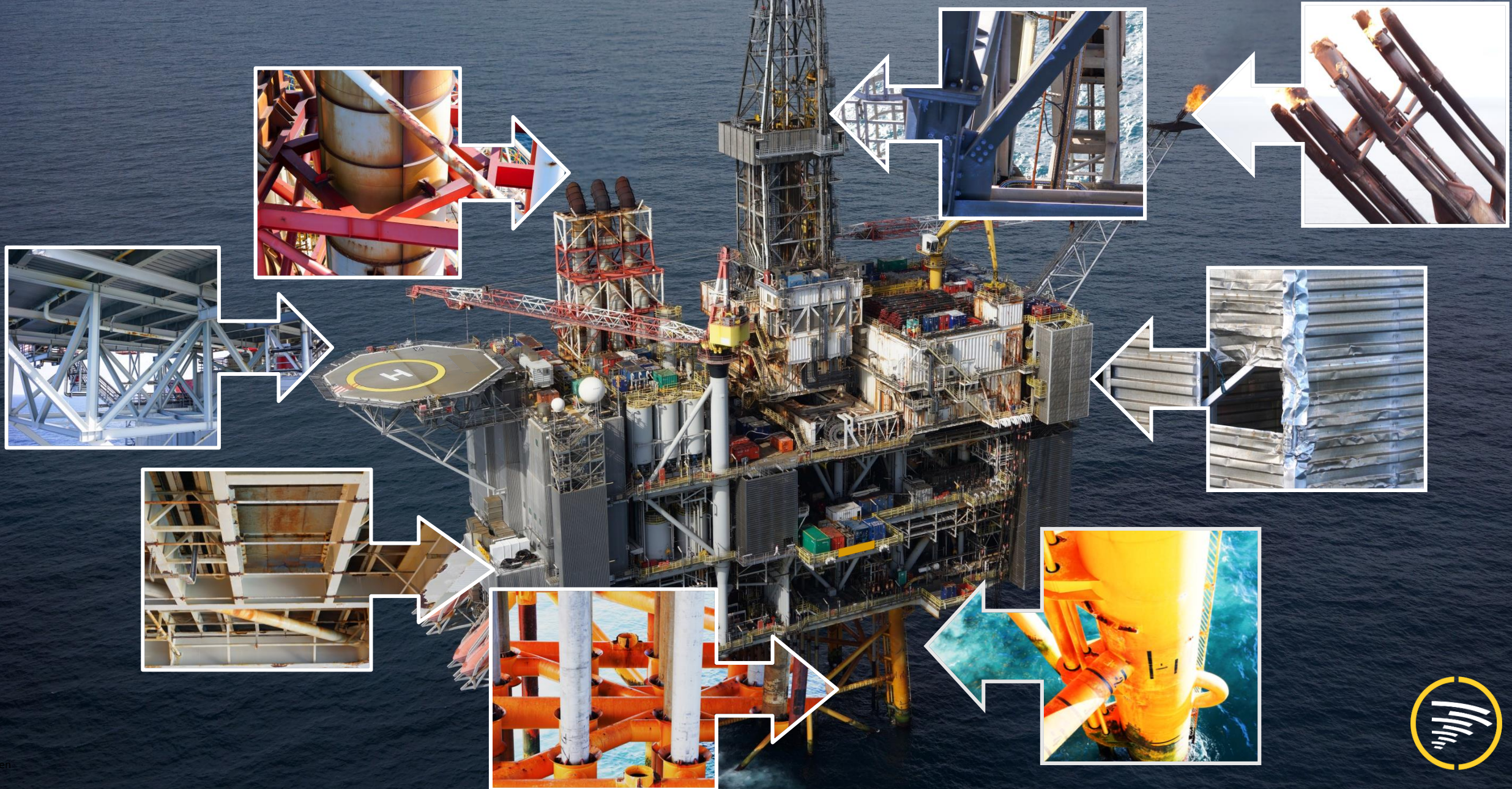


Oil and Gas Supermajor, West Coast USA

- 14 COTs inspected in 12 days
- Inspection approved by ABS to Class code
- No scaffolding or RATs used
- Client saved \$750,000 attributed to no scaffolding costs & efficiency of the inspection allowing for quick turnaround



Drones Being Used to Inspect All Areas of Offshore Structures



Flare Tip & Flare Boom
Drilling Derrick
Exhausts & Vents

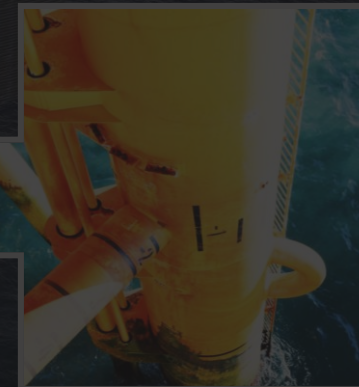
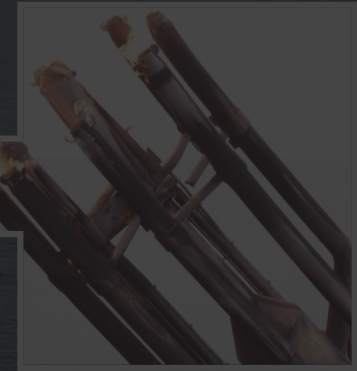
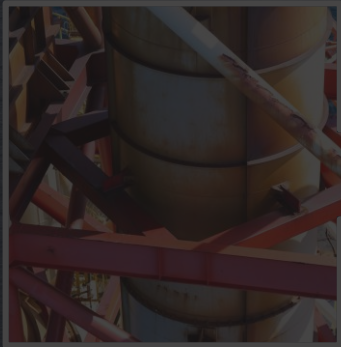
Helideck
Cranes

Risers, Caissons & Conductors

Jacket
Bridges

Underdeck
Cladding

Lifeboat Davits
Telecoms Tower



Challenges?



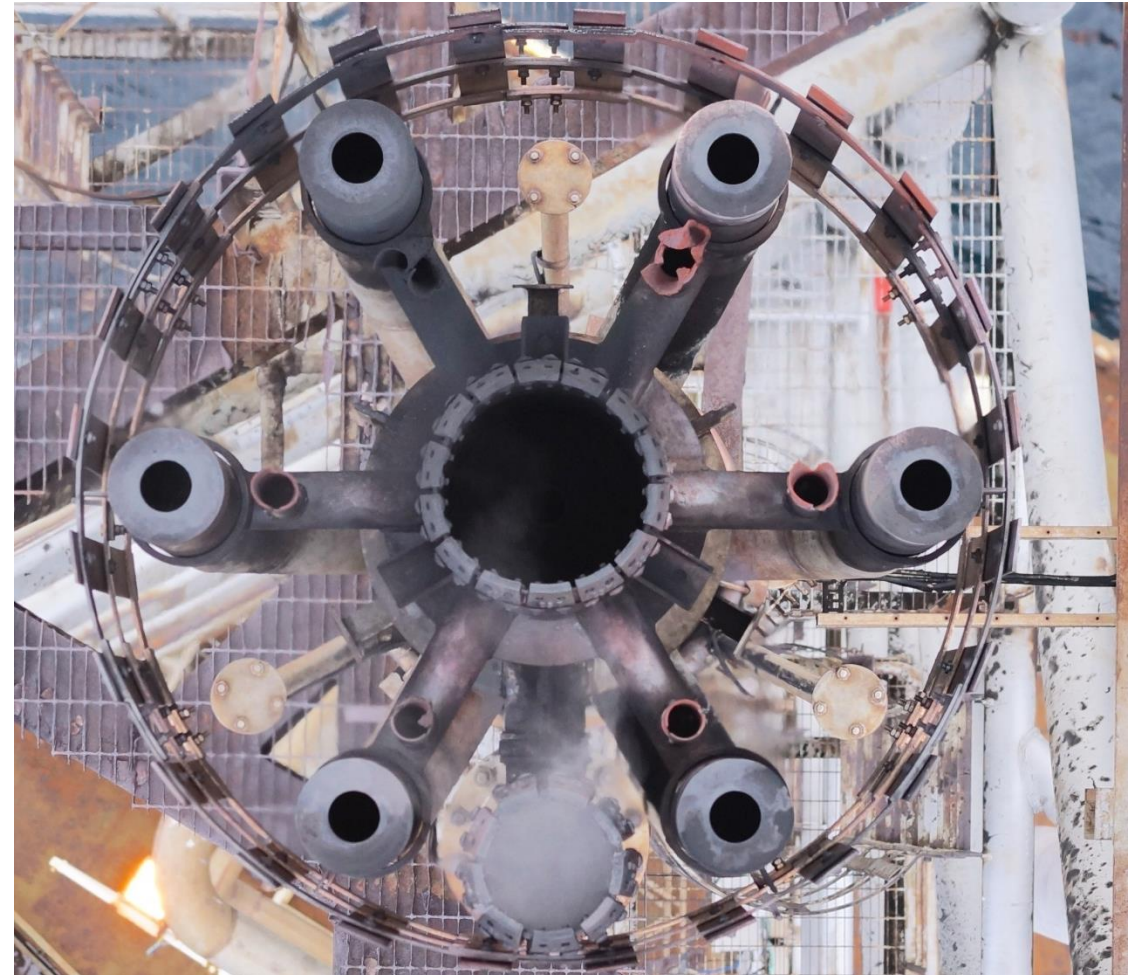
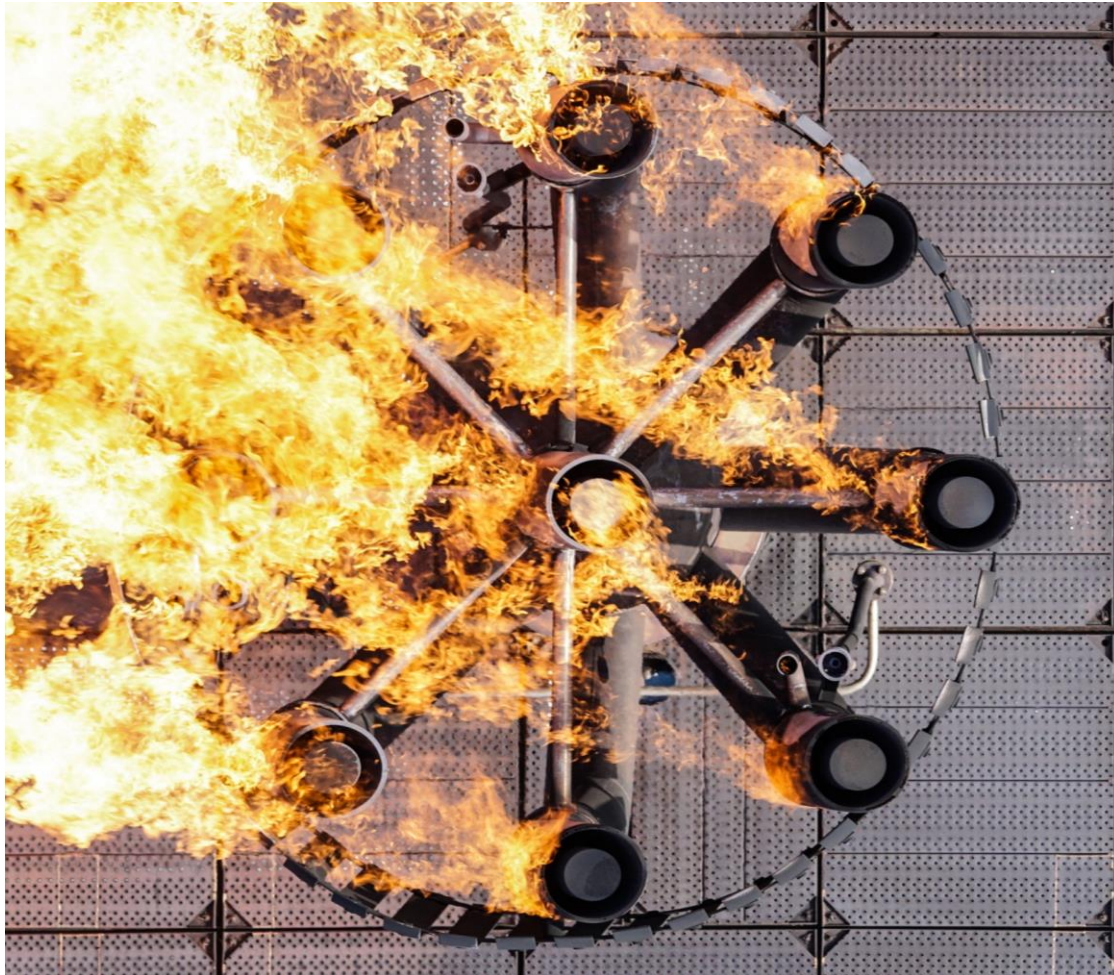
- a. Fear of the unknown (RA, legislation, RF, pilot currency, underdeck and confined spaces, reporting format and IT jargons)
- b. UAV piloting competency
- c. Engineering aspect of the UAV inspection
- d. Intra-organisational lobbying
- e. How to measure the cost saving?

Flare Inspection



What is the difference here?

(from the UAV flying point of view)



Drones – When It Goes Wrong



3D Point Cloud Model

- 3D models for Engineering and FEED studies
- Accurate representation of asset's current condition
- Point Cloud Data can be imported into ACAD, Navisworks and others
- 10+ times faster than Laser Scanning (on large areas)
- +/- 10mm accuracy achievable depending on available reference points
- Data capture archived in 1-2 days





Solutions For Major Construction & Decommissioning Projects

Cloud Based Visual Asset Management









2018-Mar-17

2017-Dec-16

Ortho Comparison

Latest Data	
	Orthophoto 07/04/2018
	Panotour 07/04/2018
	3D Model 24/03/2018
	Video 30/07/2017





Spherical Imagery

HAWK
MW_All_20180318

3D Mesh Model



Takeaways



- a. CAA/DCA approval of PfCO does not guarantee incident-free UAV operation.
- b. Multi-disciplinary work scope for the best results.
- c. Good data means better preparation and informed decision making.
- d. Digitized aerial inspection data is an invaluable tool for effective communication. (Virtual tours and cloud management)
- e. It can also fly in confined spaces!

What's in the future?



- a. Certified UAV assisted NDT
- b. Effective Ex-rated UAV
- c. Repeatable man-less entry inspection
- d. Autonomous flying (LiDAR-, GPS-assist)
- e. AI-assisted change-detection

Change Detection– Flare Tip



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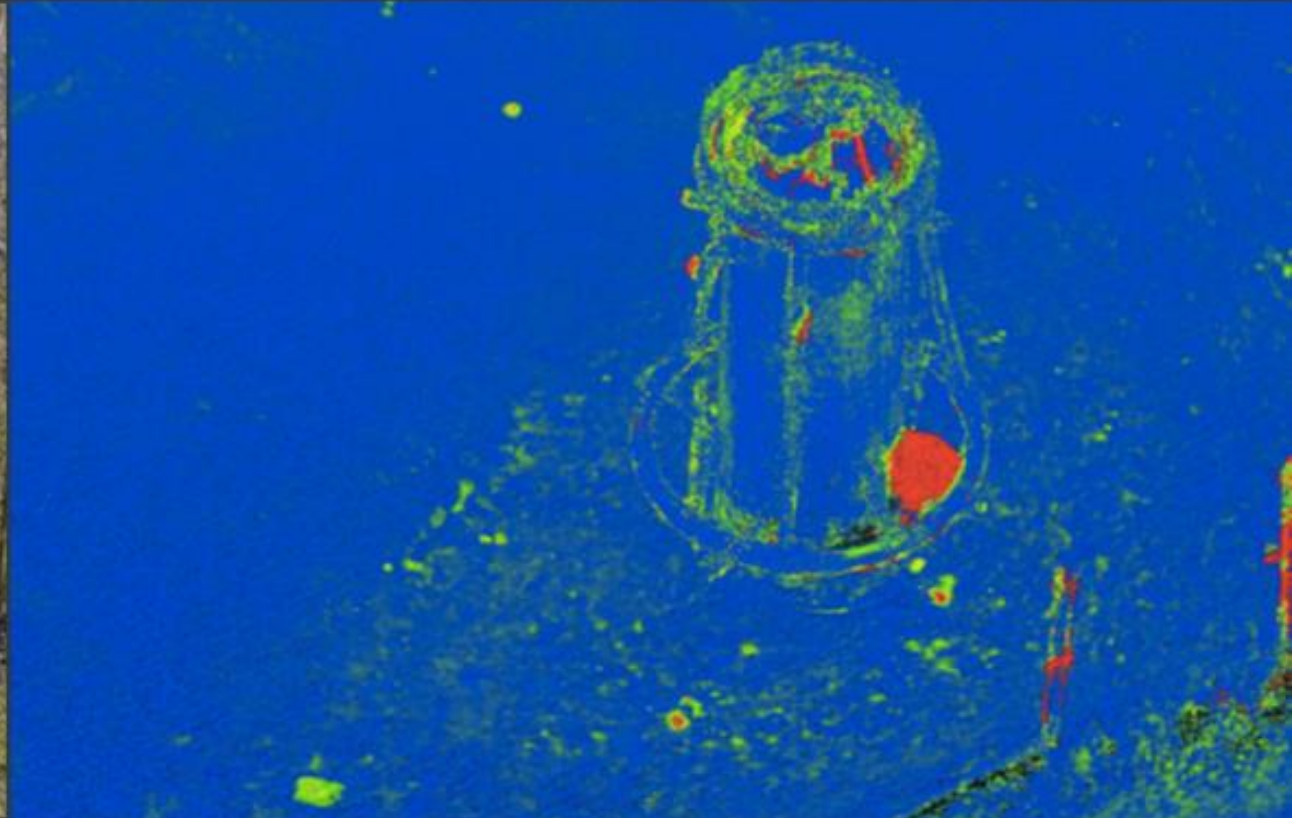
Before: Viewpoint “A”

After: Viewpoint “A”

Change Detection– Areas of change highlighted in Red



Before: Viewpoint “A”



After Change Detection:
Viewpoint “A”



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